



Anthony Perkins

Instructions:

- 1. Use a poking tool or sharp nail to poke the design into the pumpkin's surface. Due to the detail, poke gently through the paper and about an eigth of an inch deep into the pumpkin skin, each poked dot beside the other while tracing each shape on the lines. When all lines have been traced this way, remove the paper pattern and rub a small amount of baking flour into the holes to make the design easier to see.
- 2. Next, use a utility knife, such as a small X-Acto blade, to precisely trace each poked me, cutting only about an eight of an inch into the skin, not all the way through the pumpkin shell Outlining with a blade will give the finished portrait cleaner cut lines and help you to smoothly shave out the shadow areas.
- 3. When carving any portrait, start with the eyes. Use a thin awl or nail to purch out the highlight in the eye first, then carefully carve out the rest of each eye. Next, going firch by firch, carve then shave the areas from the eyes to the nose, then from the nose to his chin.

 4. Carve out and shave the areas on the left cheek and then the right cheek, carefully cutting larger areas
- into smaller pieces to remove these sections more easily. Now carve and shave the areas on his forehead. The final areas to carve and shave are his ears and neck; and then the dightights of his collar, shoulders and hair.

 Hints:

 1. It is easier to carve portraits on larger pumpkins...the bigger the better!

- 2. A sturdy, U-shaped wood gouge is the perfect tool to shave layers out of the pumpkin's thick shell, and an inexpensive pumpkin saw is the best way to get all the fine ares cut smoothly.
- 3. For shadow areas, the deeper you shave into the pumpkin's shell, the more light will shine through those areas. Adjusting the amount of pumpkin flesh you remove will change the shadows of a carved face. Shave in more deeply for lighter highlights (shown as a medium gray on the pattern), and just barely remove the pumpkin flesh to create a deeper shadow (shown as a dark gray on the pattern).
- 4. Remember portraits usually have a lot of thinly cut areas, so they will deteriorate more quickly than an average carved pumpkin, usually within a few hours! Wait to carve portraits until the day you want to show them off. Give your finished carving a spray of water using a spray bottle to keep the finer lines from drying out too quickly!
- 5. If you want a portrait that will last for years, carve into an artificial pumpkin instead. You should still use a small pumpkin saw to cut out areas, and a utility knife to outline each section, but instead of using a wood gouge for shaving the shadows in, use a Dremel tool with a jeweler's bit instead (these may be found at your local hardware store). Be sure to use an electric light with no more than a four watt bulb for lighting!

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